Package: PRONE (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title The PROteomics Normalization Evaluator

Version 1.6.0

Description High-throughput omics data are often affected by systematic biases introduced throughout all the steps of a clinical study, from sample collection to quantification. Normalization methods aim to adjust for these biases to make the actual biological signal more prominent. However, selecting an appropriate normalization method is challenging due to the wide range of available approaches. Therefore, a comparative evaluation of unnormalized and normalized data is essential in identifying an appropriate normalization strategy for a specific data set. This R package provides different functions for preprocessing, normalizing, and evaluating different normalization approaches. Furthermore, normalization methods can be evaluated on downstream steps, such as differential expression analysis and statistical enrichment analysis. Spike-in data sets with known ground truth and real-world data sets of biological experiments acquired by either tandem mass tag (TMT) or label-free quantification (LFQ) can be analyzed.

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Depends R (>= 4.4.0), SummarizedExperiment

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Contents

`apply_thresholds` *Apply other thresholds to DE results*

Description

Apply other thresholds to DE results

Usage

```
apply_thresholds(
  de_res,
  logFC = TRUE,
  logFC_up = 1,
  logFC_down = -1,
  p_adj = TRUE,
  alpha = 0.05
)
```

Arguments

`de_res`	data table resulting of run_DE
`logFC`	Boolean specifying whether to apply a logFC threshold (TRUE) or not (FALSE)
`logFC_up`	Upper log2 fold change threshold (dividing into up regulated)
`logFC_down`	Lower log2 fold change threshold (dividing into down regulated)
`p_adj`	Boolean specifying whether to apply a threshold on adjusted p-values (TRUE) or on raw p-values (FALSE)
`alpha`	Threshold for adjusted p-values or p-values

Value

data table updating the Change column with the newly applied thresholds

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
de_res <- apply_thresholds(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res, logFC = FALSE,
                           p_adj = TRUE, alpha = 0.01)
```

---

detect_outliers_POMA *Outlier detection via POMA R Package*

Description

Outlier detection via POMA R Package

Usage

```
detect_outliers_POMA(
  se,
  ain = "log2",
  condition = NULL,
  method = "euclidean",
  type = "median",
  group = TRUE,
  coeff = 1.5
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	String which data type should be used (default raw)
condition	Column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)
method	String specifying the method that should be used to calculate the distance matrix
type	String specifying the type of distance calculation to centroid or spatial median
group	String specifying if the outlier detection should be performed multi-variate (with conditions) or on the complete data set
coeff	This value corresponds to the classical 1.5 in Q3 + 1.5 * IQR formula to detect outliers. By changing this value, the permissiveness in outlier detection will change.

Value

list of two ggplot objects and a data.table with outlier samples

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
poma_res <- detect_outliers_POMA(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain="raw",
                                 condition = NULL, method="euclidean",
                                 type="median", group=TRUE, coeff = 1.5)
```

---

eigenMSNorm *EigenMS Normalization*

Description

EigenMS fits an analysis of variance model to estimate the effects of the experimental factors on the data using the knowledge about the experimental design, and then applies singular value decomposition to identify systematic trends contributing to significant variation not explained by the experimental factors Log2-scaled data should be used as input (on_raw = FALSE).

Usage

```
eigenMSNorm(se, ain = "log2", aout = "EigenMS", on_raw = FALSE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the EigenMS normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- eigenMSNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "log2",
                                   aout = "EigenMS", on_raw = FALSE)
```

`export_data` *Export the SummarizedExperiment object, the meta data, and the normalized data.*

Description

Export the SummarizedExperiment object, the meta data, and the normalized data.

Usage

```
export_data(se, out_dir, ain = NULL)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`out_dir`	Path of output directory
`ain`	Vector of strings which assay should be downloaded (default NULL). If NULL then all assays of the se object are saved.

Value

Nothing

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
## Not run: export_data(tuberculosis_TMT_se, out_dir = "data/",
            ain = c("IRS_on_RobNorm", "IRS_on_Median"))
## End(Not run)
```

`extract_consensus_DE_candidates` *Extract consensus DE candidates*

Description

Extract consensus DE candidates

Usage

```
extract_consensus_DE_candidates(
  de_res,
  ain = NULL,
  comparisons = NULL,
  norm_thr = 0.8,
  per_comparison = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

de_res	data table resulting of run_DE
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in de_res)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in de_res)
norm_thr	Threshold for the number of normalization methods that must agree on a DE candidate
per_comparison	Logical indicating if the consensus should be calculated per comparison

Value

data table with consensus DE candidates

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
extract_consensus_DE_candidates(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res, ain = NULL,
                 comparisons = NULL, norm_thr = 0.8, per_comparison = TRUE)
```

---

extract_limma_DE *Extract the DE results from eBayes fit of perform_limma function.*

Description

Extract the DE results from eBayes fit of perform_limma function.

Usage

```
extract_limma_DE(
  fit,
  comparisons,
  logFC = TRUE,
  logFC_up = 1,
  logFC_down = -1,
  p_adj = TRUE,
  alpha = 0.05
)
```

Arguments

fit	eBayes object resulting from perform_limma method
comparisons	Vector of comparisons that are performed in the DE analysis (from specify_comparisons method)
logFC	Boolean specifying whether to apply a logFC threshold (TRUE) or not (FALSE)
logFC_up	Upper log2 fold change threshold (dividing into up regulated)
logFC_down	Lower log2 fold change threshold (dividing into down regulated)
p_adj	Boolean specifying whether to apply a threshold on adjusted p-values (TRUE) or on raw p-values (FALSE)
alpha	Threshold for adjusted p-values or p-values

Value

Data table with limma DE results

---

filter_out_complete_NA_proteins

Remove proteins with NAs in all samples

Description

Remove proteins with NAs in all samples

Usage

```
filter_out_complete_NA_proteins(se)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set

Value

filtered SummarizedExperiment object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberulosis_TMT_se <- filter_out_complete_NA_proteins(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
```

filter_out_NA_proteins_by_threshold

Filter proteins based on their NA pattern using a specific threshold

Description

Filter proteins based on their NA pattern using a specific threshold

Usage

```
filter_out_NA_proteins_by_threshold(se, thr = 0.8)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
thr	Threshold for the minimum fraction of valid values allowed for any protein

Value

filtered SummarizedExperiment object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- filter_out_NA_proteins_by_threshold(tuberculosis_TMT_se,
                                                           thr = 0.8)
```

filter_out_proteins_by_ID

Remove proteins by their ID

Description

Remove proteins by their ID

Usage

```
filter_out_proteins_by_ID(se, protein_ids)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
protein_ids	Vector of protein IDs that should be kept

Value

filtered SummarizedExperiment object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- filter_out_proteins_by_ID(tuberculosis_TMT_se,
                                protein_ids = c("P0A8V2", "P0A8V2"))
```

---

filter_out_proteins_by_value

Remove proteins by value in specific column

Description

Remove proteins by value in specific column

Usage

```
filter_out_proteins_by_value(se, column_name = "Reverse", values = c("+"))
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
column_name	name of column of which proteins with a specific value should be removed
values	value of the column defining the proteins that should be removed

Value

filtered SummarizedExperiment object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- filter_out_proteins_by_value(tuberculosis_TMT_se,
                                 column_name = "Reverse", values = c("+"))
```

`get_complete_dt` *Function to get a long data table of all intensities of all kind of normalization*

Description

Function to get a long data table of all intensities of all kind of normalization

Usage

```
get_complete_dt(se, ain = NULL)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`ain`	String which assay should be used as input (default NULL) If NULL then all normalization of the SummarizedExperiment object are plotted next to each other (except raw).

Value

data table

`get_complete_pca_dt` *Function to get a long data table of all PCA1 and PCA2 values of all kind of normalization*

Description

Function to get a long data table of all PCA1 and PCA2 values of all kind of normalization

Usage

```
get_complete_pca_dt(se, ain = NULL)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`ain`	String which assay should be used as input (default NULL) If NULL then all normalization of the SummarizedExperiment object are plotted next to each other (except raw).

Value

data table

get_NA_overview *Function returning some values on the numbers of NA in the data*

Description

Function returning some values on the numbers of NA in the data

Usage

```
get_NA_overview(se, ain = "log2")
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	String which data type should be used (default raw)

Value

list with total amount of values in the data, amount of NA values, and the percentage of NAs

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
get_NA_overview(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain="log2")
```

get_normalization_methods *Function to return available normalization methods' identifier names*

Description

Function to return available normalization methods' identifier names

Usage

```
get_normalization_methods()
```

Value

Vector of normalization methods

Examples

```
get_normalization_methods()
```

get_overview_DE *Get overview table of DE results*

Description

Get overview table of DE results

Usage

```
get_overview_DE(de_res)
```

Arguments

de_res	data table resulting of run_DE

Value

data table of numbers of DE proteins per comparison and per normalization method

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
get_overview_DE(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
```

get_proteins_by_value *Get proteins by value in specific column*

Description

Get proteins by value in specific column

Usage

```
get_proteins_by_value(se, column_name = "Reverse", values = c("+"))
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
column_name	name of column of which proteins with a specific value should be identified
values	value of the column defining the proteins that should be identified

Value

vector of protein IDs

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
proteins <- get_proteins_by_value(tuberculosis_TMT_se,
                      column_name = "Potential.contaminant", values = c("+"))
```

`get_spiked_stats_DE` *Get performance metrics of DE results of spike-in data set.*

Description

Get performance metrics of DE results of spike-in data set.

Usage

```
get_spiked_stats_DE(se, de_res)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`de_res`	data table resulting of run_DE

Value

data table with multiple performance metrics of the DE results

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
data(spike_in_de_res)
stats <- get_spiked_stats_DE(spike_in_se, spike_in_de_res)
```

`globalIntNorm` *Total Intensity Normalization*

Description

Intensities of each variable in a sample are divided with the sum of intensities of all variables in the sample and multiplied with the median or mean of sum of intensities of all variables in all samples. Raw data should be taken as input (on_raw = TRUE).

Usage

```
globalIntNorm(
  se,
  ain = "raw",
  aout = "GlobalMedian",
  type = "median",
  on_raw = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
type	String whether to use median or mean to calculate the scaling factor
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the total intensity normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- globalIntNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "raw",
                                     aout = "GlobalMedian",
                                     type = "median",
                                     on_raw = TRUE)
```

---

globalMeanNorm *Total Intensity Normalization Using the Mean for the Calculation of Scaling Factors*

Description

Intensities of each variable in a sample are divided with the sum of intensities of all variables in the sample and multiplied with the mean of sum of intensities of all variables in all samples. Raw data should be taken as input (on_raw = TRUE).

Usage

```
globalMeanNorm(se, ain = "raw", aout = "GlobalMean", on_raw = TRUE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the total intensity normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- globalMeanNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "raw",
                              aout = "GlobalMean", on_raw = TRUE)
```

---

globalMedianNorm *Total Intensity Normalization Using the Median for the Calculation of Scaling Factors*

Description

Intensities of each variable in a sample are divided with the sum of intensities of all variables in the sample and multiplied with the median of sum of intensities of all variables in all samples. Raw data should be taken as input (on_raw = TRUE).

Usage

```
globalMedianNorm(se, ain = "raw", aout = "GlobalMedian", on_raw = TRUE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the total intensity normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- globalMedianNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "raw",
                              aout = "GlobalMedian", on_raw = TRUE)
```

`impute_se` *Method to impute SummarizedExperiment. This method performs a mixed imputation on the proteins. It uses a k-nearest neighbor imputation for proteins with missing values at random (MAR) and imputes missing values by random draws from a left-shifted Gaussian distribution for proteins with missing values not at random (MNAR).*

Description

Method to impute SummarizedExperiment. This method performs a mixed imputation on the proteins. It uses a k-nearest neighbor imputation for proteins with missing values at random (MAR) and imputes missing values by random draws from a left-shifted Gaussian distribution for proteins with missing values not at random (MNAR).

Usage

```
impute_se(se, ain = NULL, condition = NULL)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics dataset
`ain`	Vector of strings which assay should be used as input (default NULL). If NULL then all normalization of the se object are plotted next to each other.
`condition`	name of column of colData(se) representing the conditions of the data

Value

SummarizedExperiment with imputed intensities

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- remove_samples_manually(tuberculosis_TMT_se,
                          column = "Label", values = c("1.HC_Pool1"))
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- impute_se(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = NULL,
                          condition = NULL)
```

irsNorm *Internal Reference Scaling Normalization*

Description

IRS makes different measurements of the same thing all exactly the same and puts all of the intensities on the same scale. Raw data should be taken as input (on_raw = TRUE)

Usage

```
irsNorm(se, ain = "raw", aout = "IRS", on_raw = TRUE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the IRS normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- irsNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "raw",
                               aout = "IRS", on_raw = TRUE)
```

limmaNorm *limma::removeBatchEffects (limBE)*

Description

Log2-scaled data should be used as input (on_raw = FALSE).

Usage

```
limmaNorm(se, ain = "log2", aout = "limBE", on_raw = FALSE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the limBE normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

See Also

removeBatchEffect()

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- limmaNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "log2",
                                 aout = "limBE", on_raw = FALSE)
```

---

load_data *Load real-world proteomics data into a SummarizedExperiment*

Description

Load real-world proteomics data into a SummarizedExperiment

Usage

```
load_data(
  data,
  md,
  protein_column = "Protein.IDs",
  gene_column = "Gene.Names",
  ref_samples = NULL,
  batch_column = NULL,
  condition_column = NULL,
  label_column = NULL
)
```

Arguments

data	tabular data table with rows = proteins and columns = samples (such as proteinGroups.txt of MaxQuant)
md	experimental design table (requires a column named "Column" for the column names of the sample intensities in data)
protein_column	name of the column in data containing the protein IDs
gene_column	name of the column in data containing the gene names
ref_samples	reference samples if TMT experiment provided (names of samples)
batch_column	name of the column in md defining the batches
condition_column	name of the column in md defining the condition (can still be changed afterwards)
label_column	name of the column in md containing simple sample names (for visualization)

Value

SummarizedExperiment object

Examples

```
data_path <- readPRONE_example("tuberculosis_protein_intensities.csv")
md_path <- readPRONE_example("tuberculosis_metadata.csv")
data <- read.csv(data_path)
md <- read.csv(md_path)
md$Column <- stringr::str_replace_all(md$Column, " ", ".")
ref_samples <- md[md$Group == "ref",]$Column
se <- load_data(data, md, protein_column = "Protein.IDs",
                gene_column = "Gene.names", ref_samples = ref_samples,
                batch_column = "Pool", condition_column = "Group",
                label_column = "Label")
```

---

load_spike_data *Load spike-in proteomics data into a SummarizedExperiment*

Description

Load spike-in proteomics data into a SummarizedExperiment

Usage

```
load_spike_data(
  data,
  md,
  spike_column,
  spike_value,
```

```
  spike_concentration,
  protein_column = "Protein.IDs",
  gene_column = "Gene.Names",
  ref_samples = NULL,
  batch_column = NULL,
  condition_column = NULL,
  label_column = NULL
)
```

Arguments

data	tabular data table with rows = proteins and columns = samples (such as proteinGroups.txt of MaxQuant)
md	experimental design table (requires a column named "Column" for the column names of the sample intensities in data)
spike_column	name of the column specifying which proteins are the spike-ins
spike_value	String value specifying the spike-in proteins in the spike-in column
spike_concentration	name of the column in md defining the spike-in concentration per sample
protein_column	name of the column in data containing the protein IDs
gene_column	name of the column in data containing the gene names
ref_samples	reference samples if TMT experiment provided (names of samples)
batch_column	name of the column in md defining the batches
condition_column	name of the column in md defining the condition (can still be changed afterwards)
label_column	name of the column in md containing simple sample names (for visualization)

Value

SummarizedExperiment object

Examples

```
data_path <- readPRONE_example("Ecoli_human_MaxLFQ_protein_intensities.csv")
md_path <- readPRONE_example("Ecoli_human_MaxLFQ_metadata.csv")
data <- read.csv(data_path)
md <- read.csv(md_path)
mixed <- grepl("Homo sapiens.*Escherichia|Escherichia.*Homo sapiens", data$Fasta.headers)
data <- data[!mixed,]
data$Spiked <- rep("HUMAN", nrow(data))
data$Spiked[grepl("ECOLI", data$Fasta.headers)] <- "ECOLI"
se <- load_spike_data(data, md, spike_column = "Spiked", spike_value = "ECOLI",
        spike_concentration = "Concentration", protein_column = "Protein.IDs",
        gene_column = "Gene.names", ref_samples = NULL, batch_column = NULL,
        condition_column = "Condition", label_column = "Label")
```

loessCycNorm *Cyclic Loess Normalization of limma*

Description

Two samples of the data are MA transformed and normalized at a time, and all pairs of samples are iterated through. Log2-scaled data should be taken as input (on_raw = FALSE).

Usage

```
loessCycNorm(se, ain = "log2", aout = "LoessCyc", on_raw = FALSE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the loessCyc normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

See Also

normalizeCyclicLoess()

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- loessCycNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "log2",
                                    aout = "LoessCyc", on_raw = FALSE)
```

loessFNorm *Fast Loess Normalization of limma*

Description

Using mean intensities over all the samples as its reference A sample. Log2-scaled data should be used as input (on_raw = FALSE).

Usage

```
loessFNorm(se, ain = "log2", aout = "LoessF", on_raw = FALSE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the LoessF normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

See Also

normalizeCyclicLoess()

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- loessFNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "log2",
                                  aout = "LoessCyc", on_raw = FALSE)
```

meanNorm *Mean Normalization*

Description

The intensity of each protein group in a given sample is divided by the mean of the intensities of all protein groups in that sample and then multiplied by the mean of mean of sum of intensities of all protein groups in all samples.

Usage

```
meanNorm(se, ain = "raw", aout = "Mean", on_raw = TRUE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean whether normalized should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the mean normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- meanNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "raw",
                          aout = "Mean", on_raw = TRUE)
```

medianAbsDevNorm *Median Absolute Deviation Normalization*

Description

Substracts the median and divides the data by the median absolute deviation (MAD). Log2-scaled data should be used as input (on_raw = FALSE).

Usage

```
medianAbsDevNorm(se, ain = "log2", aout = "MAD", on_raw = FALSE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scale data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the MAD normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

See Also

performSMADNormalization()

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- medianAbsDevNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "log2",
                                        aout = "MAD", on_raw = FALSE)
```

---

medianNorm *Median Normalization*

Description

The intensity of each protein group in a given sample is divided by the median of the intensities of all protein groups in that sample and then multiplied by the mean of median of sum of intensities of all protein groups in all samples.

Usage

```
medianNorm(se, ain = "raw", aout = "Median", on_raw = TRUE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the median normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- medianNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "raw",
                          aout = "Median", on_raw = TRUE)
```

---

normalize_se *Normalize SummarizedExperiment object using single normalization methods or specified combinations of normalization methods*

Description

Normalize SummarizedExperiment object using single normalization methods or specified combinations of normalization methods

Usage

```
normalize_se(
  se,
  methods,
  combination_pattern = "_on_",
  on_raw = NULL,
  gamma.0 = 0.1,
  reduce_correlation_by = 1,
  NormicsVSN_quantile = 0.8,
  top_x = 50,
  VSN_quantile = 0.9
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
methods	Vector of normalization methods to apply for normalizing the proteomics data of the SummarizedExperiment object (identifier of normalization methods can be retrieved using get_normalization_methods())
combination_pattern	String specifying how normalization methods are combined. For instance, methods = c("IRS", "Median_on_IRS"), combination_pattern = "_on_".
on_raw	Logical indicating if the normalization should be performed on the raw data or on log2-transformed data. If on_raw = NULL(default), the normalization is performed on the default method specific on_raw setting (suggestion based on publications).

gamma.0 Numeric representing the exponent of the weighted density of RobNorm normalization. When the sample size is small, the fitted population of some proteins could be locally trapped such that the variance of those proteins was very small under a large gamma. To avoid this, a small gamma is recommended. When sample size smaller than 40, then set gamma to 0.5 or 0.1.

reduce_correlation_by
If the data is too big for the computation of the params, increase this parameter by 2,3,4.... The whole data will still be normalized, but the params are calculated on every second row etc.

NormicsVSN_quantile
The quantile that is used for the resistant least trimmed sum of squares regression. A value of 0.8 means focusing on the central 80% of the data, reducing the influence of outliers.

top_x Number of reference proteins extracted for the calculation of parameters

VSN_quantile Numeric of length 1. The quantile that is used for the resistant least trimmed sum of squares regression (see vsn2 lts.quantile)

Value

SummarizedExperiment object with normalized data saved as assays

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- normalize_se(tuberculosis_TMT_se,
          methods = c("IRS_on_GlobalMedian", "IRS_on_Median",
          "limBE_on_NormicsVSN"), on_raw = NULL,
          combination_pattern = "_on_", gamma.0 = 0.1,
          reduce_correlation_by = 1, NormicsVSN_quantile = 0.8, top_x = 50,
          VSN_quantile = 0.9)
```

---

normalize_se_combination

Normalize SummarizedExperiment object using combinations of normalization methods

---

Description

Normalize SummarizedExperiment object using combinations of normalization methods

Usage

```
normalize_se_combination(
  se,
  methods,
  ains,
```

```
  on_raw = NULL,
  combination_pattern = "_on_",
  gamma.0 = 0.1,
  reduce_correlation_by = 1,
  NormicsVSN_quantile = 0.8,
  top_x = 50,
  VSN_quantile = 0.9
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
methods	Vector of normalization methods to apply for normalizing the proteomics data of the SummarizedExperiment object (identifier of normalization methods can be retrieved using get_normalization_methods())
ains	Vector of assays of SummarizedExperiment object to apply the normalization methods (e.g. if you want to perform Median normalization on IRS-normalized data)
on_raw	Logical indicating if the normalization should be performed on the raw data or on log2-transformed data. If on_raw = NULL(default), the normalization is performed on the default method specific on_raw setting (suggestion based on publications).
combination_pattern	String to give name to combination of methods (e.g. IRS_on_Median –> "_on_")
gamma.0	Numeric representing the exponent of the weighted density of RobNorm normalization. When the sample size is small, the fitted population of some proteins could be locally trapped such that the variance of those proteins was very small under a large gamma. To avoid this, a small gamma is recommended. When sample size smaller than 40, then set gamma to 0.5 or 0.1.
reduce_correlation_by	If the data is too big for the computation of the params, increase this parameter by 2,3,4.... The whole data will still be normalized, but the params are calculated on every second row etc.
NormicsVSN_quantile	The quantile that is used for the resistant least trimmed sum of squares regression. A value of 0.8 means focusing on the central 80% of the data, reducing the influence of outliers.
top_x	Number of reference proteins extracted for the calculation of parameters
VSN_quantile	Numeric of length 1. The quantile that is used for the resistant least trimmed sum of squares regression. (see vsn2 lts.quantile)

Value

SummarizedExperiment object with normalized data saved as assays

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- normalize_se_combination(tuberculosis_TMT_se,
          methods = c("Median","NormicsVSN"), ains = c("IRS"), on_raw = NULL,
          combination_pattern = "_on_", gamma.0 = 0.1,
          reduce_correlation_by = 1, NormicsVSN_quantile = 0.8, top_x = 50,
          VSN_quantile = 0.9)
```

`normalize_se_single` *Normalize SummarizedExperiment object using different normalization methods*

Description

Normalize SummarizedExperiment object using different normalization methods

Usage

```
normalize_se_single(
  se,
  methods = NULL,
  on_raw = NULL,
  gamma.0 = 0.1,
  reduce_correlation_by = 1,
  NormicsVSN_quantile = 0.8,
  top_x = 50,
  VSN_quantile = 0.9
)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`methods`	Vector of normalization methods to apply for normalizing the proteomics data of the SummarizedExperiment object (identifier of normalization methods can be retrieved using get_normalization_methods())
`on_raw`	Logical indicating if the normalization should be performed on the raw data or on log2-transformed data. If on_raw = NULL(default), the normalization is performed on the default method specific on_raw setting (suggestion based on publications).
`gamma.0`	Numeric representing the exponent of the weighted density of RobNorm normalization. When the sample size is small, the fitted population of some proteins could be locally trapped such that the variance of those proteins was very small under a large gamma. To avoid this, a small gamma is recommended. When sample size smaller than 40, then set gamma to 0.5 or 0.1.

reduce_correlation_by
: If the data is too big for the computation of the params, increase this parameter by 2,3,4.... The whole data will still be normalized, but the params are calculated on every second row etc.

NormicsVSN_quantile
: The quantile that is used for the resistant least trimmed sum of squares regression. A value of 0.8 means focusing on the central 80% of the data, reducing the influence of outliers.

top_x
: Number of reference proteins extracted for the calculation of parameters

VSN_quantile
: Numeric of length 1. The quantile that is used for the resistant least trimmed sum of squares regression. (see vsn2 lts.quantile)

Value

SummarizedExperiment object with normalized data saved as assays

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- normalize_se_single(tuberculosis_TMT_se,
          methods = c("RobNorm", "Median", "NormicsVSN","VSN"),
          on_raw = NULL, gamma.0 = 0.1, reduce_correlation_by = 1,
          NormicsVSN_quantile = 0.8, top_x = 50, VSN_quantile = 0.9)
```

---

normicsNorm *Normics Normalization (Normics using VSN or using Median)*

Description

Log2-scaled data should be used as input (on_raw = FALSE).

Usage

```
normicsNorm(
  se,
  ain = "raw",
  aout = "NormicsVSN",
  method = "NormicsVSN",
  on_raw = TRUE,
  reduce_correlation_by = 1,
  NormicsVSN_quantile = 0.8,
  TMT_ratio = FALSE,
  top_x = 50
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
method	String specifying the method to use (NORMICS or NORMICSmedian)
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data
reduce_correlation_by	If the data is too big for the computation of the params, increase this parameter by 2,3,4.... The whole data will still be normalized, but the params are calculated on every second row etc.
NormicsVSN_quantile	The quantile that is used for the resistant least trimmed sum of squares regression. A value of 0.8 means focusing on the central 80% of the data, reducing the influence of outliers.
TMT_ratio	Indicates if the data involves Tandem Mass Tag (TMT) ratio-based measurements (common in proteomics). If TRUE, the method may handle the data differently.
top_x	Number of reference proteins extracted for the calculation of parameters

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the NormicsVSN/NormicsMedian normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- normicsNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "raw",
                                   aout = "NormicsVSN", method = "NormicsVSN",
                                   on_raw = TRUE)
```

---

perform_DEqMS *Perform DEqMS*

Description

Perform DEqMS

Usage

```
perform_DEqMS(
  fit,
  se,
  DEqMS_PSMs_column = NULL,
  logFC = TRUE,
  logFC_up = 1,
  logFC_down = -1,
  p_adj = TRUE,
  alpha = 0.05
)
```

Arguments

fit	eBayes object resulting from perform_limma method
se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
DEqMS_PSMs_column	String specifying which column name to use for DEqMS (default NULL). Any column of the rowData(se) is accepted.
logFC	Boolean specifying whether to apply a logFC threshold (TRUE) or not (FALSE)
logFC_up	Upper log2 fold change threshold (dividing into up regulated)
logFC_down	Lower log2 fold change threshold (dividing into down regulated)
p_adj	Boolean specifying whether to apply a threshold on adjusted p-values (TRUE) or on raw p-values (FALSE)
alpha	Threshold for adjusted p-values or p-values

Value

data.table of DE results

---

perform_limma *Fitting a linear model using limma*

Description

Fitting a linear model using limma

Usage

```
perform_limma(
  data,
  condition_vector,
  comparisons,
  covariate = NULL,
```

```
  trend = TRUE,
  robust = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

data	Data table of intensities (rows = proteins, cols = samples)
condition_vector	Vector of experimental design specifying the condition(s) to compare
comparisons	Vector of comparisons that are performed in the DE analysis (from specify_comparisons method)
covariate	String specifying which column to include as covariate into limma
trend	logical, should an intensity-dependent trend be allowed for the prior variance? If FALSE then the prior variance is constant. Alternatively, trend can be a row-wise numeric vector, which will be used as the covariate for the prior variance.
robust	logical, should the estimation of df.prior and var.prior be robustified against outlier sample variances?

Value

eBayes object

---

perform_ROTS *Performing ROTS*

Description

Performing ROTS

Usage

```
perform_ROTS(
  data,
  condition,
  comparisons,
  condition_name,
  coldata,
  logFC = TRUE,
  logFC_up = 1,
  logFC_down = -1,
  p_adj = TRUE,
  alpha = 0.05,
  B = 100,
  K = 500
)
```

Arguments

data	Data table of intensities (rows = proteins, cols = samples)
condition	Vector of experimental design specifying the condition(s) to compare
comparisons	Vector of comparisons that are performed in the DE analysis (from specify_comparisons method)
condition_name	String of name of condition in colData
coldata	colData of the SummarizedExperiment
logFC	Boolean specifying whether to apply a logFC threshold (TRUE) or not (FALSE)
logFC_up	Upper log2 fold change threshold (dividing into up regulated)
logFC_down	Lower log2 fold change threshold (dividing into down regulated)
p_adj	Boolean specifying whether to apply a threshold on adjusted p-values (TRUE) or on raw p-values (FALSE)
alpha	Threshold for adjusted p-values or p-values
B	Number of bootstrapping for ROTS
K	Number of top-ranked features for reproducibility optimization

Value

Data table with DE results

---

plot_boxplots *Plot the distributions of the normalized data as boxplots*

Description

Plot the distributions of the normalized data as boxplots

Usage

```
plot_boxplots(
  se,
  ain = NULL,
  color_by = NULL,
  label_by = NULL,
  facet_norm = TRUE,
  ncol = 3
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	Vector of strings which assay should be used as input (default NULL). If NULL then all normalization of the se object are plotted next to each other.
color_by	String specifying the column to color the samples (If NULL, the condition column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no color bar added.)
label_by	String specifying the column to label the samples (If NULL, the labels column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no labeling of samples done.)
facet_norm	Boolean specifying whether to facet by normalization methods (default TRUE). If FALSE, list of plots of the different normalized data is returned.
ncol	Number of columns in plot (for faceting)

Value

if facet_norm = TRUE, ggplot object, else list of ggplot objects

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_boxplots(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = NULL, color_by = NULL, label_by = NULL,
              facet_norm = TRUE, ncol = 3)
plot_boxplots(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = c("log2", "IRS_on_RobNorm"), color_by = "Pool",
              label_by = "Label", facet_norm = FALSE)
```

---

plot_condition_overview

Barplot showing the number of samples per condition

Description

Barplot showing the number of samples per condition

Usage

```
plot_condition_overview(se, condition = NULL)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
condition	column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_condition_overview(tuberculosis_TMT_se, condition = NULL)
```

`plot_densities` *Plot the densities of the normalized data*

Description

Plot the densities of the normalized data

Usage

```
plot_densities(se, ain = NULL, color_by = NULL, facet_norm = TRUE, ncol = 3)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`ain`	Vector of strings which assay should be used as input (default NULL). If NULL then all normalization of the se object are plotted next to each other.
`color_by`	String specifying the column to color the samples (If NULL, the condition column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no color bar added.)
`facet_norm`	Boolean specifying whether to facet by normalization methods (default TRUE). If FALSE, list of plots of the different normalized data is returned.
`ncol`	Number of columns in plot (for faceting)

Value

if facet_norm = TRUE, ggplot object, else list of ggplot objects

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_densities(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = NULL, color_by = NULL,
                          facet_norm = TRUE, ncol = 3)
plot_densities(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = c("log2", "IRS_on_RobNorm"),
                          color_by = "Label",
               facet_norm = FALSE)
```

plot_fold_changes_spiked *Boxplot of log fold changes of spike-in and background proteins for specific normalization methods and comparisons. The ground truth (calculated based on the concentrations of the spike-ins) is shown as a horizontal line.*

Description

Boxplot of log fold changes of spike-in and background proteins for specific normalization methods and comparisons. The ground truth (calculated based on the concentrations of the spike-ins) is shown as a horizontal line.

Usage

```
plot_fold_changes_spiked(se, de_res, condition, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
de_res	data table resulting of run_DE
condition	column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in stats)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in stats)

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
data(spike_in_de_res)
plot_fold_changes_spiked(spike_in_se, spike_in_de_res,
                         condition = "Condition", ain = NULL,
                         comparisons = NULL)
```

`plot_heatmap` *Plot a heatmap of the sample intensities with optional column annotations for a selection of normalization methods*

Description

Plot a heatmap of the sample intensities with optional column annotations for a selection of normalization methods

Usage

```
plot_heatmap(
  se,
  ain = NULL,
  color_by = c("Group", "Pool"),
  label_by = NULL,
  only_refs = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`ain`	Vector of strings which assay should be used as input (default NULL). If NULL then all normalization of the se object are plotted next to each other.
`color_by`	Vector of strings specifying the columns to color the samples (If NULL, the condition column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no color bars added.)
`label_by`	String specifying the column in the metadata used to label the samples for the UpSet plot
`only_refs`	Logical, if TRUE, only reference samples (ComRef) are included in the plot

Value

list of ggplot objects

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_heatmap(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = c("log2"), color_by = NULL,
             label_by = NULL, only_refs = FALSE)
```

plot_heatmap_DE *Heatmap of DE results*

Description

Heatmap of DE results

Usage

```
plot_heatmap_DE(
  se,
  de_res,
  ain,
  comparison,
  condition = NULL,
  label_by = NULL,
  pvalue_column = "adj.P.Val",
  col_vector = NULL
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set (including the normalized intensities)
de_res	data table resulting of run_DE
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in de_res)
comparison	String of comparison (must be a valid comparison saved in de_res)
condition	column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)
label_by	String specifying the column to label the samples (If NULL, the labels column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no labeling of samples done.)
pvalue_column	column name of p-values in de_res
col_vector	Vector of colors to use for the heatmap. If NULL, default colors are used.

Value

list of ComplexHeatmaps for each method

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
data(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
plot_heatmap_DE(tuberculosis_TMT_se, tuberculosis_TMT_de_res, ain = NULL,
```

```
comparison = "PTB-HC",
condition = NULL, label_by = NULL,
pvalue_column = "adj.P.Val", col_vector = NULL)
```

`plot_histogram_spiked` *Plot histogram of the spike-in and background protein intensities per condition.*

Description

Plot histogram of the spike-in and background protein intensities per condition.

Usage

```
plot_histogram_spiked(se, condition = NULL)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`condition`	column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
plot_histogram_spiked(spike_in_se, condition = NULL)
```

`plot_identified_spiked_proteins` *Plot number of identified spike-in proteins per sample.*

Description

Plot number of identified spike-in proteins per sample.

Usage

```
plot_identified_spiked_proteins(se, color_by = NULL, label_by = NULL)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
color_by	String specifying the column to color the samples (If NULL, the condition column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no color bar added.)
label_by	String specifying the column to label the samples (If NULL, the labels column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no labeling of samples done.)#'

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
plot_identified_spiked_proteins(spike_in_se, color_by = NULL,
                                label_by = NULL)
```

---

plot_intersection_enrichment

Functional enrichment analysis for analyzing the DE results of different normalization methods and biologically interpreting the results

---

Description

Functional enrichment analysis for analyzing the DE results of different normalization methods and biologically interpreting the results

Usage

```
plot_intersection_enrichment(
  se,
  de_res,
  comparison,
  ain = NULL,
  id_column = "Gene.Names",
  organism = "hsapiens",
  source = "KEGG",
  signif_thr = 0.05
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
de_res	data table resulting of run_DE
comparison	String of comparison (must be a valid comparison saved in de_res)
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in de_res)
id_column	String specifying the column of the rowData of the SummarizedExperiment object which includes the gene names
organism	Organism name (gprofiler parameter)
source	Data source to use (gprofiler parameter, example: KEGG)
signif_thr	Significance threshold

Value

list of ggplot objects

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
data(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
plot_intersection_enrichment(tuberculosis_TMT_se, tuberculosis_TMT_de_res,
                ain = c("IRS_on_Median", "IRS_on_RobNorm", "RobNorm"),
                comparison = "Rx-TBL", id_column = "Gene.Names",
                organism = "hsapiens", source = "GO:BP", signif_thr = 0.05)
```

---

plot_intragroup_correlation

Plot intragroup correlation of the normalized data

Description

Plot intragroup correlation of the normalized data

Usage

```
plot_intragroup_correlation(
  se,
  ain = NULL,
  condition = NULL,
  method = "pearson"
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	Vector of strings which assay should be used as input (default NULL). If NULL then all normalization of the se object are plotted next to each other.
condition	column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)
method	String specifying the method for correlation calculation (pearson, spearman or kendall)

Value

ggplot object (boxplot)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_intragroup_correlation(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = NULL,
                            condition = NULL, method = "pearson")
```

---

plot_intragroup_PCV *Plot intragroup pooled coefficient of variation (PCV) of the normalized data*

Description

Plot intragroup pooled coefficient of variation (PCV) of the normalized data

Usage

```
plot_intragroup_PCV(se, ain = NULL, condition = NULL, diff = FALSE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	Vector of strings which assay should be used as input (default NULL). If NULL then all normalization of the se object are plotted next to each other.
condition	Column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)
diff	Boolean indicating whether to visualize the reduction of intragroup variation (PCV) compared to "log" (TRUE) or a normal boxplot of intragroup variation (PCV) for each normalization method (FALSE).

Value

ggplot object (boxplot)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_intragroup_PCV(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = NULL,
                            condition = NULL, diff = FALSE)
```

`plot_intragroup_PEV` *Plot intragroup pooled estimate of variance (PEV) of the normalized data*

Description

Plot intragroup pooled estimate of variance (PEV) of the normalized data

Usage

```
plot_intragroup_PEV(se, ain = NULL, condition = NULL, diff = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`ain`	Vector of strings which assay should be used as input (default NULL). If NULL then all normalization of the se object are plotted next to each other.
`condition`	column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)
`diff`	Boolean indicating whether to visualize the reduction of intragroup variation (PEV) compared to "log" (TRUE) or a normal boxplot of intragroup variation (PEV) for each normalization method (FALSE).

Value

ggplot object (boxplot)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_intragroup_PEV(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = NULL,
                            condition = NULL, diff = FALSE)
```

plot_intragroup_PMAD *Plot intragroup pooled median absolute deviation (PMAD) of the normalized data*

Description

Plot intragroup pooled median absolute deviation (PMAD) of the normalized data

Usage

```
plot_intragroup_PMAD(se, ain = NULL, condition = NULL, diff = FALSE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	Vector of strings which assay should be used as input (default NULL). If NULL then all normalization of the se object are plotted next to each other.
condition	column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)
diff	Boolean indicating whether to visualize the reduction of intragroup variation (PMAD) compared to "log" (TRUE) or a normal boxplot of intragroup variation (PMAD) for each normalization method (FALSE).

Value

ggplot object (boxplot)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_intragroup_PMAD(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = NULL,
                           condition = NULL, diff = FALSE)
```

plot_jaccard_heatmap *Jaccard similarity heatmap of DE proteins of the different normalization methods*

Description

Jaccard similarity heatmap of DE proteins of the different normalization methods

Usage

```
plot_jaccard_heatmap(
  de_res,
  ain = NULL,
  comparisons = NULL,
  plot_type = "single"
)
```

Arguments

de_res	data table resulting of run_DE
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in de_res)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in de_res)
plot_type	String indicating whether to plot a single plot per comparison ("single"), facet by comparison ("facet_comp"), or include all comparisons in a single plot ("all")

Value

ggplot object (list of objects if plot_type == "single)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
plot_jaccard_heatmap(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res, ain = NULL,
                     comparisons = NULL, plot_type = "all")
```

---

plot_logFC_thresholds_spiked

Line plot of number of true and false positives when applying different logFC thresholds

---

Description

Line plot of number of true and false positives when applying different logFC thresholds

Usage

```
plot_logFC_thresholds_spiked(
  se,
  de_res,
  condition,
  ain = NULL,
  comparisons = NULL,
  nrow = 2,
  alpha = 0.05
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
de_res	data table resulting of run_DE
condition	column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in stats)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in stats)
nrow	number of rows for facet wrap
alpha	threshold for adjusted p-values

Value

list of ggplot objects

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
data(spike_in_de_res)
plot_logFC_thresholds_spiked(spike_in_se, spike_in_de_res,
                             condition = "Condition", ain = NULL,
                             comparisons = NULL, nrow = 2, alpha = 0.05)
```

---

plot_markers_boxplots *Boxplots of intensities of specific markers*

Description

Boxplots of intensities of specific markers

Usage

```
plot_markers_boxplots(
  se,
  markers,
  ain = NULL,
  id_column = "Protein.IDs",
  color_by = NULL,
  shape_by = NULL,
  facet_norm = TRUE,
  facet_marker = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
markers	Vector of the IDs of the markers to plot
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in de_res)
id_column	String specifying the column of the rowData of the SummarizedExperiment object which includes the IDs of the markers
color_by	String specifying the column to color the samples (If NULL, the condition column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no color bar added.)
shape_by	String specifying the column to shape the samples (If NULL or "No", no shaping of samples is done.)
facet_norm	Boolean indicating whether to facet by normalization method (TRUE) or not (FALSE)
facet_marker	Boolean indicating whether to facet by comparison (TRUE) or not (FALSE). Only valid if facet_norm = FALSE.

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_markers_boxplots(tuberculosis_TMT_se, markers = c("Q7Z7F0", "Q13790"),
                      ain = c("log2"), id_column = "Protein.IDs",
                      color_by = NULL,
                      shape_by = "Pool",
                      facet_norm = FALSE,
                      facet_marker = TRUE)
```

---

plot_NA_density *Plot the intensity distribution of proteins with and without NAs*

Description

Plot the intensity distribution of proteins with and without NAs

Usage

```
plot_NA_density(se)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_NA_density(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
```

`plot_NA_frequency` *Plot protein identification overlap (x = identified in number of Samples, y=number of proteins)*

Description

Plot protein identification overlap (x = identified in number of Samples, y=number of proteins)

Usage

```
plot_NA_frequency(se)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_NA_frequency(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
```

`plot_NA_heatmap` *Plot heatmap of the NA pattern*

Description

Plot heatmap of the NA pattern

Usage

```
plot_NA_heatmap(
  se,
  color_by = NULL,
  label_by = NULL,
  cluster_samples = TRUE,
  cluster_proteins = TRUE,
  show_row_dend = TRUE,
  show_column_dend = FALSE,
  col_vector = NULL
)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`color_by`	String specifying the column to color the samples (If NULL, the condition column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no color bar added.)
`label_by`	String specifying the column to label the samples (If NULL, the labels column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no labeling of samples done.)
`cluster_samples`	Boolean. TRUE if samples should be clustered, else FALSE.
`cluster_proteins`	Boolean. TRUE if proteins should be clustered, else FALSE.
`show_row_dend`	Boolean. TRUE if row dendrogram should be shown.
`show_column_dend`	Boolean. TRUE if column dendrogram should be shown.
`col_vector`	Vector of colors for the color bar. If NULL, default colors are used.

Value

ComplexHeatmap plot (only showing proteins with at least one missing value)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_NA_heatmap(tuberculosis_TMT_se, color_by = NULL,
                label_by = NULL, cluster_samples = TRUE,
                cluster_proteins = TRUE, show_row_dend = TRUE,
                show_column_dend = FALSE,
                col_vector = NULL)
```

---

plot_nr_prot_samples *Plot number of non-zero proteins per sample*

Description

Plot number of non-zero proteins per sample

Usage

```
plot_nr_prot_samples(se, ain = "raw", color_by = NULL, label_by = NULL)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	String which data type should be used (default raw)
color_by	String specifying the column to color the samples (If NULL, the condition column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no color bar added.)
label_by	String specifying the column to label the samples (If NULL, the labels column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no labeling of samples done.)

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_nr_prot_samples(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain="raw", color_by = "Group",
                     label_by = "Label")
```

`plot_overview_DE_bar` *Overview plots of DE results*

Description

Overview plots of DE results

Usage

```
plot_overview_DE_bar(
  de_res,
  ain = NULL,
  comparisons = NULL,
  plot_type = "single"
)
```

Arguments

`de_res`	data table resulting of run_DE
`ain`	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in de_res)
`comparisons`	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in de_res)
`plot_type`	String indicating whether to plot a single plot per comparison ("single"), facet by comparison ("facet_comp"), stack the number of DE per comparison ("stacked"), or stack the number of DE per comparison but facet by up- and down-regulated ("facet_regulation")

Value

list of ggplot objects or single object if plot_type = facet or stacked

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
plot_overview_DE_bar(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL,
                     plot_type = "facet_regulation")
```

plot_overview_DE_tile *Overview heatmap plot of DE results*

Description

Overview heatmap plot of DE results

Usage

```
plot_overview_DE_tile(de_res, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL)
```

Arguments

de_res	data table resulting of run_DE
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in de_res)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in de_res)

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
plot_overview_DE_tile(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res, ain = NULL,
                      comparisons = NULL)
```

plot_PCA *PCA plot of the normalized data*

Description

PCA plot of the normalized data

Usage

```
plot_PCA(
  se,
  ain = NULL,
  color_by = NULL,
  label_by = NULL,
  shape_by = NULL,
  facet_norm = TRUE,
```

```
  facet_by = NULL,
  ellipse = FALSE,
  ncol = 3
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	Vector of strings which assay should be used as input (default NULL). If NULL then all normalization of the se object are plotted next to each other.
color_by	String specifying the column to color the samples (If NULL, the condition column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no color bar added.)
label_by	String specifying the column to label the samples (If NULL, the labels column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no labeling of samples done.)
shape_by	String specifying the column to shape the samples (If NULL or "No", no shaping of samples is done.)
facet_norm	Boolean specifying whether to facet by normalization methods (default TRUE). If FALSE, list of plots of the different normalized data is returned. However, then you can also facet by any column of the metadata.
facet_by	String specifying the column to facet the samples (If facet = FALSE, the plot will not be faceted by the normalization methods, but instead a list of plots of each normalization method is returned. Then, the PCA plot can be faceted by any column of the metadata, for instance by "Batch". If facet_by is NULL or "No", no faceting is performed.)
ellipse	Boolean to indicate if ellipses should be drawn
ncol	Number of columns in plot (for faceting)

Value

if facet_norm = TRUE, ggplot object, else list of ggplot objects

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_PCA(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = NULL, color_by = NULL, label_by = NULL,
         shape_by = "Pool",
         facet_norm = TRUE, ncol = 3)
plot_PCA(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = c("IRS_on_RobNorm"), color_by = "Group",
              label_by = "Label", facet_norm = FALSE, facet_by = "Pool")
```

`plot_profiles_spiked` *Plot profiles of the spike-in and background proteins using the log2 average protein intensities as a function of the different concentrations.*

Description

Plot profiles of the spike-in and background proteins using the log2 average protein intensities as a function of the different concentrations.

Usage

```
plot_profiles_spiked(se, xlab = "Concentration")
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`xlab`	String for the x-label of the plot

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
plot_profiles_spiked(spike_in_se, xlab = "Concentration")
```

`plot_pvalues_spiked` *Boxplot of p-values of spike-in and background proteins for specific normalization methods and comparisons. The ground truth (calculated based on the concentrations of the spike-ins) is shown as a horizontal line.*

Description

Boxplot of p-values of spike-in and background proteins for specific normalization methods and comparisons. The ground truth (calculated based on the concentrations of the spike-ins) is shown as a horizontal line.

Usage

```
plot_pvalues_spiked(se, de_res, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
de_res	data table resulting of run_DE
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in stats)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in stats)

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
data(spike_in_de_res)
plot_pvalues_spiked(spike_in_se, spike_in_de_res, ain = NULL,
                    comparisons = NULL)
```

---

plot_ROC_AUC_spiked *Plot ROC curve and barplot of AUC values for each method for a specific comparion or for all comparisons*

Description

Plot ROC curve and barplot of AUC values for each method for a specific comparion or for all comparisons

Usage

```
plot_ROC_AUC_spiked(se, de_res, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
de_res	data table resulting of run_DE
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in stats)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in stats)

Value

list of ggplot objects

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
data(spike_in_de_res)
plot_ROC_AUC_spiked(spike_in_se, spike_in_de_res)
```

`plot_stats_spiked_heatmap` *Heatmap of performance metrics for spike-in data sets*

Description

Heatmap of performance metrics for spike-in data sets

Usage

```
plot_stats_spiked_heatmap(
  stats,
  ain = NULL,
  comparisons = NULL,
  metrics = c("Accuracy", "Precision", "F1Score")
)
```

Arguments

`stats`	data table with multiple metrics of the DE results (resulting of get_spiked_stats_DE)
`ain`	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in stats)
`comparisons`	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in stats)
`metrics`	vector of Strings specifying the metrics (must be colnames of stats)

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
data(spike_in_de_res)
stats <- get_spiked_stats_DE(spike_in_se, spike_in_de_res)
plot_stats_spiked_heatmap(stats, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL,
                          metrics = c("F1Score", "Accuracy"))
```

plot_tot_int_samples *Plot total protein intensity per sample*

Description

Plot total protein intensity per sample

Usage

```
plot_tot_int_samples(se, ain = "raw", color_by = NULL, label_by = NULL)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	String which data type should be used (default raw)
color_by	String specifying the column to color the samples (If NULL, the condition column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no color bar added.)
label_by	String specifying the column to label the samples (If NULL, the labels column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used. If "No", no labeling of samples done.)

Value

list of a ggplot object and the dataframe of outliers

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_tot_int_samples(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain="raw", color_by = NULL,
                     label_by = NULL)
```

plot_TP_FP_spiked_bar *Barplot of true and false positives for specific comparisons and normalization methods*

Description

Barplot of true and false positives for specific comparisons and normalization methods

Usage

```
plot_TP_FP_spiked_bar(stats, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL)
```

Arguments

stats	data table with multiple metrics of the DE results (resulting of get_spiked_stats_DE)
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in stats)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in stats)

Value

ggplot object (barplot)

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
data(spike_in_de_res)
stats <- get_spiked_stats_DE(spike_in_se, spike_in_de_res)
plot_TP_FP_spiked_bar(stats, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL)
```

---

plot_TP_FP_spiked_box *Boxplot of true and false positives for specific comparisons and normalization methods*

Description

Boxplot of true and false positives for specific comparisons and normalization methods

Usage

```
plot_TP_FP_spiked_box(stats, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL)
```

Arguments

stats	data table with multiple metrics of the DE results (resulting of get_spiked_stats_DE)
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in stats)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in stats)

Value

ggplot object (barplot)

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
data(spike_in_de_res)
stats <- get_spiked_stats_DE(spike_in_se, spike_in_de_res)
plot_TP_FP_spiked_box(stats, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL)
```

plot_TP_FP_spiked_scatter

Scatterplot of true positives and false positives (median with errorbars as Q1, and Q3) for all comparisons

Description

Scatterplot of true positives and false positives (median with errorbars as Q1, and Q3) for all comparisons

Usage

```
plot_TP_FP_spiked_scatter(stats, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL)
```

Arguments

stats	data table with multiple metrics of the DE results (resulting of get_spiked_stats_DE)
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in stats)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in stats)

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(spike_in_se)
data(spike_in_de_res)
stats <- get_spiked_stats_DE(spike_in_se, spike_in_de_res)
plot_TP_FP_spiked_scatter(stats, ain = NULL, comparisons = NULL)
```

plot_upset

Create an UpSet Plot from SummarizedExperiment Data

Description

This function generates an UpSet plot from a given SummarizedExperiment object. It allows for the visualization of overlaps between sets defined by a specific column in the metadata. The function supports subsetting to reference samples and customizable color mapping.

Usage

```
plot_upset(
  se,
  color_by = NULL,
  label_by = NULL,
  mb.ratio = c(0.7, 0.3),
  only_refs = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
color_by	String specifying the column to color the samples (If NULL, the condition column of the SummarizedExperiment object is used.)
label_by	String specifying the column in the metadata used to label the samples for the UpSet plot
mb.ratio	A numeric vector of length 2, specifying the barplot and matrix area ratios
only_refs	Logical, if TRUE, only reference samples (ComRef) are included in the plot

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
plot_upset(tuberculosis_TMT_se, color_by = NULL, label_by = NULL,
           mb.ratio = c(0.7, 0.3), only_refs = FALSE)
```

---

plot_upset_DE *Upset plots of DE results of the different normalization methods*

Description

Upset plots of DE results of the different normalization methods

Usage

```
plot_upset_DE(
  de_res,
  ain = NULL,
  comparisons = NULL,
  min_degree = 2,
  plot_type = "single"
)
```

Arguments

de_res	data table resulting of run_DE
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in de_res)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in de_res)
min_degree	Minimal degree of an intersection for it to be included
plot_type	String indicating whether to plot a single plot per comparison ("single") or stack the number of DE per comparison ("stacked)

Value

list of plots and intersection tables (split by comparison if plot_type == "single)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
plot_upset_DE(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res,
              ain = c("IRS_on_RobNorm", "IRS_on_Median"),
              comparisons = NULL, min_degree = 2,
              plot_type = "stacked")
```

---

plot_volcano_DE *Volcano plots of DE results*

Description

Volcano plots of DE results

Usage

```
plot_volcano_DE(
  de_res,
  ain = NULL,
  comparisons = NULL,
  facet_norm = TRUE,
  facet_comparison = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

de_res	data table resulting of run_DE
ain	Vector of strings of normalization methods to visualize (must be valid normalization methods saved in de_res)
comparisons	Vector of comparisons (must be valid comparisons saved in de_res)

facet_norm — Boolean indicating whether to facet by normalization method (TRUE) or not (FALSE)

facet_comparison — Boolean indicating whether to facet by comparison (TRUE) or not (FALSE). Only valid if facet_norm = FALSE.

Value

list of ggplot objects

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
plot_volcano_DE(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res, ain = NULL,
                comparisons = NULL, facet_norm = TRUE,
                facet_comparison = FALSE)
```

---

quantileNorm *Quantile Normalization of preprocessCore package.*

Description

Forces distributions of the samples to be the same on the basis of the quantiles of the samples by replacing each protein of a sample with the mean of the corresponding quantile. Log2-scaled data should be taken as input (on_raw = FALSE)

Usage

```
quantileNorm(se, ain = "log2", aout = "Quantile", on_raw = FALSE)
```

Arguments

se — SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset

ain — String which assay should be used as input

aout — String which assay should be used to save normalized data

on_raw — Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the quantile normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

See Also

normalize.quantiles()

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- quantileNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "log2",
                              aout = "Quantile", on_raw = FALSE)
```

---

readPRONE_example *Helper function to read example data*

Description

Helper function to read example data

Usage

```
readPRONE_example(path = NULL)
```

Arguments

path	NULL to get all example data set files, otherwise specify the file name

Value

If path=NULL a character vector with the file names, otherwise the path to the specific file

Examples

```
readPRONE_example()
```

---

remove_assays_from_SE *Remove normalization assays from a SummarizedExperiment object*

Description

Remove normalization assays from a SummarizedExperiment object

Usage

```
remove_assays_from_SE(se, assays_to_remove)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
assays_to_remove	Character vector of assay names to remove from the SummarizedExperiment object

Value

SummarizedExperiment object with the normalization assays removed

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- remove_assays_from_SE(tuberculosis_TMT_se,
                                assays_to_remove = c("IRS_on_RobNorm"))
```

---

remove_POMA_outliers *Remove outliers samples detected by the detect_outliers_POMA function*

Description

Remove outliers samples detected by the detect_outliers_POMA function

Usage

```
remove_POMA_outliers(se, poma_res_outliers)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
poma_res_outliers	Outliers data.table returned by the detect_outliers_POMA function

Value

filtered SummarizedExperiment object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
poma_res <- detect_outliers_POMA(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- remove_POMA_outliers(tuberculosis_TMT_se, poma_res$outliers)
```

`remove_reference_samples` *Remove reference samples of SummarizedExperiment object (reference samples specified during loading)*

Description

Remove reference samples of SummarizedExperiment object (reference samples specified during loading)

Usage

```
remove_reference_samples(se)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set

Value

filtered SummarizedExperiment object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- remove_reference_samples(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
```

`remove_samples_manually` *Remove samples with specific value in column manually*

Description

Remove samples with specific value in column manually

Usage

```
remove_samples_manually(se, column, values)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
column	String specifying the column of the meta data (samples with the specified value in this column will be removed)
values	Vector of Strings specifying the value for the removal of samples (samples with this value in the specified column will be removed)

Value

filtered SummarizedExperiment object

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- remove_samples_manually(tuberculosis_TMT_se,
                                column = "Label", values = c("1.HC_Pool1"))
```

---

rlrMACycNorm *Cyclic Linear Regression Normalization on MA Transformed Data*

Description

No reference, but MA transformation and normalization of samples is done pairwise between two samples with A = average of two samples and M = difference. The process is iterated through all samples pairs. Log2 data should be taken as input (on_raw = FALSE).

Usage

```
rlrMACycNorm(
  se,
  ain = "log2",
  aout = "RlrMACyc",
  on_raw = FALSE,
  iterations = 3
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data
iterations	Number of cyclic iterations to be performed

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the RlrMACyc normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- rlrMACycNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "log2",
                            aout = "RlrMACyc", on_raw = FALSE, iterations=3)
```

---

rlrMANorm *Linear Regression Normalization on MA Transformed Data*

Description

Similar to Rlr, but data are MA transformed before normalization, (A = median sample, M = difference of that sample to A). Log2 data should be taken as input (on_raw = FALSE).

Usage

```
rlrMANorm(se, ain = "log2", aout = "RlrMA", on_raw = FALSE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the RlrMA normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- rlrMANorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "log2",
                                 aout = "RlrMA", on_raw = FALSE)
```

rlrNorm *Robust Linear Regression Normalization of NormalyzerDE.*

Description

Uses median values over all samples as reference sample to which all the other samples in the data are normalized to. Log2 data should be taken as input (on_raw = FALSE).

Usage

```
rlrNorm(se, ain = "log2", aout = "Rlr", on_raw = FALSE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the rlr normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- rlrNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "log2",
                                            aout = "Rlr", on_raw = FALSE)
```

robnormNorm *RobNorm Normalization*

Description

Log2-scaled data should be used as input (on_raw = FALSE).

Usage

```
robnormNorm(se, ain = "log2", aout = "RobNorm", on_raw = FALSE, gamma.0 = 0.1)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data
gamma.0	Numeric representing the exponent of the weighted density. When the sample size is small, the fitted population of some proteins could be locally trapped such that the variance of those proteins was very small under a large gamma. To avoid this, a small gamma is recommended. When sample size smaller than 40, then set gamma to 0.5 or 0.1.

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the RobNorm normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- robnormNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "log2",
                           aout = "RobNorm", on_raw = FALSE, gamma.0 = 0.1)
```

---

run_DE *Run DE analysis of a selection of normalized data sets*

Description

Run DE analysis of a selection of normalized data sets

Usage

```
run_DE(
  se,
  comparisons,
  ain = NULL,
  condition = NULL,
  DE_method = "limma",
  covariate = NULL,
  logFC = TRUE,
  logFC_up = 1,
  logFC_down = -1,
  p_adj = TRUE,
  alpha = 0.05,
  B = 100,
```

```
  K = 500,
  trend = TRUE,
  robust = TRUE,
  DEqMS_PSMs_column = NULL
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
comparisons	Vector of comparisons that are performed in the DE analysis (from specify_comparisons method)
ain	Vector of strings which assay should be used as input (default NULL). If NULL then all normalization of the se object are plotted next to each other.
condition	column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)
DE_method	String specifying which DE method should be applied (limma, ROTS, DEqMS)
covariate	String specifying which column to include as covariate into limma
logFC	Boolean specifying whether to apply a logFC threshold (TRUE) or not (FALSE)
logFC_up	Upper log2 fold change threshold (dividing into up regulated)
logFC_down	Lower log2 fold change threshold (dividing into down regulated)
p_adj	Boolean specifying whether to apply a threshold on adjusted p-values (TRUE) or on raw p-values (FALSE)
alpha	Threshold for adjusted p-values or p-values
B	Number of bootstrapping for ROTS
K	Number of top-ranked features for reproducibility optimization
trend	logical, should an intensity-dependent trend be allowed for the prior variance? If FALSE then the prior variance is constant. Alternatively, trend can be a row-wise numeric vector, which will be used as the covariate for the prior variance.
robust	logical, should the estimation of df.prior and var.prior be robustified against outlier sample variances?
DEqMS_PSMs_column	String specifying which column name to use for DEqMS (default NULL). Any column of the rowData(se) is accepted.

Value

Data table of DE results of selected normalized data sets

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
comparisons <- specify_comparisons(tuberculosis_TMT_se, condition = NULL,
                           sep = NULL, control = NULL)
de_res <- run_DE(tuberculosis_TMT_se, comparisons,
```

```
ain = NULL, condition = NULL, DE_method = "limma",
logFC = TRUE, logFC_up = 1, logFC_down = -1, p_adj = TRUE,
alpha = 0.05, B = 100, K = 500, trend = TRUE, robust = TRUE)
```

`run_DE_single` *Run DE analysis on a single normalized data set*

Description

Run DE analysis on a single normalized data set

Usage

```
run_DE_single(
  se,
  method,
  comparisons,
  condition = NULL,
  DE_method = "limma",
  covariate = NULL,
  logFC = TRUE,
  logFC_up = 1,
  logFC_down = -1,
  p_adj = TRUE,
  alpha = 0.05,
  B = 100,
  K = 500,
  trend = TRUE,
  robust = TRUE,
  DEqMS_PSMs_column = NULL
)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
`method`	String specifying which assay should be used as input
`comparisons`	Vector of comparisons that are performed in the DE analysis (from specify_comparisons method)
`condition`	column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)
`DE_method`	String specifying which DE method should be applied (limma, ROTS, DEqMS)
`covariate`	String specifying which column to include as covariate into limma
`logFC`	Boolean specifying whether to apply a logFC threshold (TRUE) or not (FALSE)

logFC_up	Upper log2 fold change threshold (dividing into up regulated)
logFC_down	Lower log2 fold change threshold (dividing into down regulated)
p_adj	Boolean specifying whether to apply a threshold on adjusted p-values (TRUE) or on raw p-values (FALSE)
alpha	Threshold for adjusted p-values or p-values
B	Number of bootstrapping for ROTS
K	Number of top-ranked features for reproducibility optimization
trend	logical, should an intensity-dependent trend be allowed for the prior variance? If FALSE then the prior variance is constant. Alternatively, trend can be a row-wise numeric vector, which will be used as the covariate for the prior variance.
robust	logical, should the estimation of df.prior and var.prior be robustified against outlier sample variances?
DEqMS_PSMs_column	String specifying which column name to use for DEqMS (default NULL). Any column of the rowData(se) is accepted.

Value

Data table of DE results

`specify_comparisons` *Create vector of comparisons for DE analysis (either by single condition (sep = NULL) or by combined condition)*

Description

Create vector of comparisons for DE analysis (either by single condition (sep = NULL) or by combined condition)

Usage

```
specify_comparisons(se, condition = NULL, sep = NULL, control = NULL)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
condition	Column name of condition (if NULL, condition saved in SummarizedExperiment will be taken)
sep	Separator that separates both groups in the condition vector (NULL if condition composed only of single group)
control	String of control samples (how the control condition is named) (NULL if no control sample)

Value

Vector of comparisons for DE analysis

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
comparisons <- specify_comparisons(tuberculosis_TMT_se, condition = NULL,
                              sep = NULL, control = NULL)
```

---

spectraCounteBayes_DEqMS

Additional function of the DEqMS package

Description

Additional function of the DEqMS package

Usage

```
spectraCounteBayes_DEqMS(fit, coef_col)
```

Arguments

fit	linear model from function perform_limma
coef_col	an integer vector indicating the column(s) of fit$coefficients for which the function is to be performed. if not specified, all coefficients are used.

Value

list object

---

spike_in_de_res

Example data.table of DE results of a spike-in proteomics data set

---

Description

A `data.table` containing the DE results of the spike_in_se data set (limma, logFC > 1, logFC < -1, p.adj < 0.05)

Usage

```
data(spike_in_de_res)
```

Format

An object of class `data.table` (inherits from `data.frame`) with 7500 rows and 10 columns.

Source

Jürgen Cox, Marco Y. Hein, Christian A. Luber, Igor Paron, Nagarjuna Nagaraj, and Matthias Mann.Accurate Proteome-wide Label-free Quantification by Delayed Normalization and Maximal Peptide Ratio Extraction, Termed MaxLFQ. Molecular & Cellular Proteomics 13.9 (Sept. 2014), pp. 2513–2526. <https://doi.org/10.1074/mcp.M113.031591>.

---

spike_in_se *Example SummarizedExperiment of a spike-in proteomics data set*

Description

A `SummarizedExperiment` containing the raw and log2-scaled data of 301 proteins measured in 20 samples. Due to size restriction, we only included the relevant columns of the original proteinGroups.txt of MaxQuant.

Usage

```
data(spike_in_se)
```

Format

An object of class `SummarizedExperiment` with 1500 rows and 6 columns.

Source

Jürgen Cox, Marco Y. Hein, Christian A. Luber, Igor Paron, Nagarjuna Nagaraj, and Matthias Mann.Accurate Proteome-wide Label-free Quantification by Delayed Normalization and Maximal Peptide Ratio Extraction, Termed MaxLFQ. Molecular & Cellular Proteomics 13.9 (Sept. 2014), pp. 2513–2526. <https://doi.org/10.1074/mcp.M113.031591>.

---

subset_SE_by_norm *Subset SummarizedExperiment object by normalization assays*

Description

Subset SummarizedExperiment object by normalization assays

Usage

```
subset_SE_by_norm(se, ain)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomics data set
ain	Character vector of assay names to keep in the SummarizedExperiment object

Value

SummarizedExperiment object with only the selected normalization assays

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- subset_SE_by_norm(tuberculosis_TMT_se,
                          ain = c("raw", "log2", "IRS_on_RobNorm"))
```

---

tmmNorm *Weighted Trimmed Mean of M Values (TMM) Normalization of edgeR package.*

Description

Raw data should be taken as input (on_raw = TRUE).

Usage

```
tmmNorm(se, ain = "raw", aout = "TMM", on_raw = TRUE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
ain	String which assay should be used as input
aout	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
on_raw	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the TMM normalized data as assay (on log2 scale)

See Also

calcNormFactors()

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- tmmNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "raw",
                                aout = "TMM", on_raw = TRUE)
```

---

tuberculosis_TMT_de_res

Example data.table of DE results of a real-world proteomics data set

---

Description

A `data.table` containing the DE results of the tuberculosis_TMT_se data set (limma, logFC > 1, logFC < -1, p.adj < 0.05)

Usage

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_de_res)
```

Format

An object of class `data.table` (inherits from `data.frame`) with 9030 rows and 9 columns.

Source

Biadglegne et al. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Affects Protein and Lipid Content of Circulating Exosomes in Infected Patients Depending on Tuberculosis Disease State. Biomedicines 10.4 (Mar. 2022), p. 783. doi: 10.3390/ biomedicines10040783.

---

tuberculosis_TMT_se

Example SummarizedExperiment of a real-world proteomics data set

---

Description

A `SummarizedExperiment` containing the raw and log2-scaled data of 301 proteins measured in 20 samples

Usage

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
```

Format

An object of class `SummarizedExperiment` with 301 rows and 20 columns.

Source

Biadglegne et al. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Affects Protein and Lipid Content of Circulating Exosomes in Infected Patients Depending on Tuberculosis Disease State. Biomedicines 10.4 (Mar. 2022), p. 783. doi: 10.3390/ biomedicines10040783.

`vsnNorm` *Variance Stabilization Normalization of limma package.*

Description

Raw data should be taken as input (on_raw = TRUE).

Usage

```
vsnNorm(se, ain = "raw", aout = "VSN", on_raw = TRUE, VSN_quantile = 0.9)
```

Arguments

`se`	SummarizedExperiment containing all necessary information of the proteomic dataset
`ain`	String which assay should be used as input
`aout`	String which assay should be used to save normalized data
`on_raw`	Boolean specifying whether normalization should be performed on raw or log2-scaled data
`VSN_quantile`	Numeric of length 1. The quantile that is used for the resistant least trimmed sum of squares regression (see vsn2 lts.quantile)

Value

SummarizedExperiment containing the vsn normalized data as assay (on log2-scale)

See Also

`normalizeVSN()`

Examples

```
data(tuberculosis_TMT_se)
tuberculosis_TMT_se <- vsnNorm(tuberculosis_TMT_se, ain = "raw",
                               aout = "VSN", on_raw = TRUE, VSN_quantile = 0.9)
```

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